

Cell biology

Review it!

- **1 a** Undifferentiated cells; that can become any type of specialised cell.
 - **b** Embryos / umbilical cords; Adult organs contain a few stem cells.
 - **c** No rejection of cells / organs by patient; Transfer of viral infection; No waiting time for transplants; Ethical / religious objections.
- **2 a** Osmosis is the movement of water from a dilute solution to a concentrated solution; through a partially permeable membrane.
 - **b** The Visking tubing will fill with water; as water moves from the distilled water into the concentrated sugar solution inside the Visking tubing.
 - **c** The tubing is a partially permeable membrane.
 - **d** Water would move into the animal cell; and the animal cell would burst.

Tissues, organs and organ systems Review it!

- 1 a Thin and closely packed cells for maximum exposure to sunlight; Packed with chloroplasts to absorb sunlight.
 - **b i** In wind, as the diameter of the stomata increases, the rate of transpiration increases. In still air, as the diameter of the stomata increases, up to $5\,\mu$ m, the rate of transpiration increases; In still air after $5\,\mu$ m, the rate of transpiration remains constant.
 - ii In wind, water diffuses out of the stomata at a faster rate; Increasing the diameter of the stomata, means that more water can diffuse out of the stomata; In still air, water diffuses out of the stomata very slowly and increasing the diameter of the stomata above 5 µm does not increase the rate of transpiration.